Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listing of claims in the application.

Claims 1-8 are amended.

Listing of Claims:

1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method for the precise dynamic digital control of especially piezoelectric actuators for micropositioning systems reemprising having a proportional integral derivative (PID) PID regulator, whereby in order to minimise position-order deviations: the method comprising:

estimating future system behavior to minimize order deviations; behaviour is estimated and

obtaining current correction signals are obtained for the purpose of a feedforward correction; reemprising: for the reduction of

reducing latency times in the feedforward loop of a sampling system, by applying a signal of a command is applied via a switch having a switchable bypass to a first high resolution digital/analog converter of highest resolution, with the first high resolution digital/analog converter being operated at the a sampling rate of the sampling system, a PID feedforward loop further leads leading to a second fast digital/analog converter which is controlled independent independently of the sampling system; [[,]] and

supplying output signals of the first high resolution digital/analog converter and second the fast digital/analog converter, which represent control voltages, are supplied in an added-up form to a device to be controlled, in particular, to a piezoelectric actuator which together with a position sensor forms a controlled system.

2. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein a further comprising supplying signals of a command variable to the high resolution digital/analog converter and carrying out weighting and/or filtering of the signals of a command-variable, which are supplied to the first digital/analog converter is carried out.

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- 3. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein <u>further comprising applying</u> a same command variable is applied to both the first fast digital/analog converter of the controlled-system and the second high-resolution digital/analog converter of the controlled-system.
- 4. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein a linearisation of further comprising linearizing the controlled system for the purpose of avoiding to avoid systematic errors in the signal paths.
- 5. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein a specific predistorion of further comprising pre-distorting control voltages and/or arrangement of band elimination filters reduces to reduce system resonances.
- 6. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method in accordance with claim 1, <u>primarily operating</u> wherein the piezoelectric actuator is <u>primarily operated</u> in a controlled manner via a command variable, the feedforward loop, and the <u>first</u> fast digital/analog converter; <u>and</u>, <u>while</u> secondarily <u>operating</u> the controlled system with position sensor is operated in a subordinate manner in order to avoid static errors.
- 7. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein providing changes of a command variable may be provided both to the first to the fast digital/analog converter, to the second high-precision high-resolution converter, or to both converters via a switch means and/or control commands.
- 8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method in accordance with claim 1, <u>further comprising selectively fetching</u> wherein various command variables may be fetched selectively via a switch means.
- (NEW) A control circuit for outputting a control signal to an external system, said control circuit comprising:

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a feedback control path receiving a feedback signal from the external system and at least partially by digital signal processing generates a feedback control signal based on a control input signal and the feedback signal;

a feed-forward control path, separate from the feedback control path, the feed-forward control path generating a feed-forward control signal based on the control input signal; and control signal generation circuitry generating the control signal based on the feedback control signal and the feed-forward control signal.

- 10. (NEW) The control circuit of claim 9, wherein the feedback control path comprises a first digital-to-analog converter operating at a first sampling frequency; and wherein the feed-forward control path comprises a second digital-to-analog converter that operates at a second sampling frequency, the second sampling frequency being higher than the first sampling frequency.
- 11. (NEW) The control circuit of claim 10, wherein the feedback signal comprises an analog signal; and wherein the feedback control path comprises an analog-to-digital converter that converts an analog signal obtained from the feedback signal into a digital signal on the basis of which the feedback control signal is generated, the analog-to-digital converter operating at the first sampling frequency.
- 12. (NEW) The control circuit of claim 10, wherein the control signal is an analog control signal, and wherein the control signal generation circuitry comprises an adder adding an analog output of the first digital-to-analog converter to an analog output of the second digital-to-analog converter.
- 13. (NEW) The control circuit of claim 9, wherein the control input signal is a digital control input signal.
- 14. (NEW) The control circuit of claim 9, wherein at least one of the circuit control signal and the feedback signal is an analog signal.

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- 15. (NEW) The control circuit of claim 9, wherein the feedback signal and the control signal are analog signals, the feed back control signal and the feed-forward control signal are digital signals, the feedback control path comprises an analog-to-digital converter converting an analog signal obtained from the feedback signal into a digital signal on the basis of which the feedback control signal is generated, and the control signal generation circuitry comprises an adder adding the feedback control signal and the feed-forward control signal and digital-to-analog converter.
- 16 (NEW) The control circuit of claim 15, wherein the adder adds the feedback control signal and the feed-forward control signal to obtain an intermediate signal, and wherein the digital-to-analog converter converts the intermediate signal into the control signal.